

Lesson 1 – 10 Grade I

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In the Name of Allah the Beneficent the Merciful. Peace and Blessings of Allah, upon our beloved Nabi Muhammed Sallahu Alaihi Wasalam
Assalamu Alai kum Warahmatullahi Wabara katuhu
The following Islamic series of books were originally prepared by
Darul Uloom Islamic Academy, Brisbane, Australia for various Islamic courses between 1990 - 2015.

A large number of students from several universities schools and week-end Madrassahs. have benefited tremendously

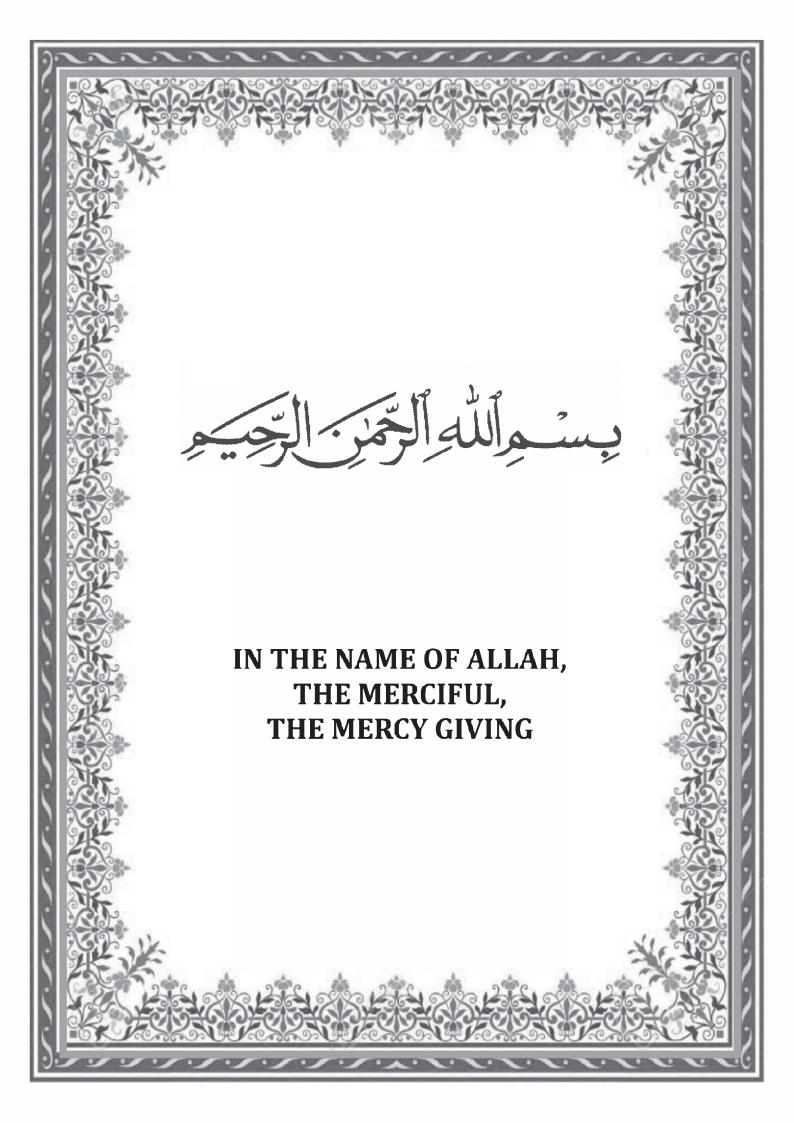
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May Allah the Almighty accept this humble effort.

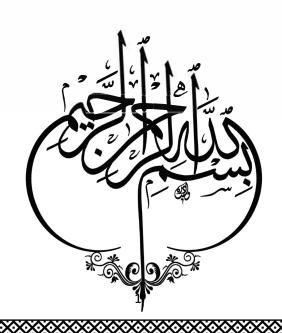
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Introduction

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلاة والسلام على خاتم الأنبياء والمرسلين نبينا محمد وعلى آله وصحبه أجمعين

Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds, and may prayers and peace be upon the Last of the Prophets and Messengers, our Prophet Muhammad, and upon his family and all of his companions.

The Qur'an is the last Divine Revelation to the world, containing guidance, light and admonitions. Allah says:

This is the Book. There is no doubt in it. It is a Guidance for those who fear Allah.

(Surah al-Baqarah: 2)

And We have made the Qur'an easy to remember: so is there anyone who will take heed?

(Surah al-Qamar: 17)

It is indeed one of the miracles of the Qur'an that it is so easy to learn and to memorise. The Qur'an is the most read book in the whole world, and more people have memorized it than any other book.

Since Allah has made the Qur'an easy to remember, there must be easy ways and methods to learn to read the Qur'an as well.

Although there are many different books and methods available today that are all being employed for the purpose of teaching people to read the Qur'an, we felt a great need to produce one that would be understood easily and utilised efficiently by speakers of the English language.

During many years of teaching children and adults to read the Qur'an at Darul Uloom Islamic Academy of Brisbane, we have employed and experimented with many methods of teaching. Through that process, we have evolved and adapted new ways of teaching the Qur'an. The book in your hands is the final product of that experience.

This book that we have prepared is composed of three parts. The first part consists of ten lessons designed to facilitate understanding of the Arabic script that is used in the Qur'an, as well as the basic rules of recitation.

The second part consists of practicing the reading of the Arabic script through learning the five Kalimahs, the Names of Allah, Adhaan, Iqaamah, Du'as, spoken components of the Salaah, Qur'anic Aayaat, Ahaadeeth and common Islamic expressions.

Every lesson has been designed so that one hour may be allocated to learning the new concept and another hour may be allocated to practicing it. If the students follow the instructions carefully and do all of the allotted exercises, then In Sha' Allah they will achieve the objective of this course which is to become able to read the Qur'an.

We pray to Allah the Almighty to accept this small effort in His Cause, and we pray that many people are benefited by it. And Allah is the Granter of Success.

Darul Uloom Islamic Academy of Brisbane Rabi' uth-Thani 2, 1421 Hijri July 4, 2000 AC

Lesson 1. The Arabic Alphabet

The Arabic Alphabet is read from right to left and is composed of 28 letters. The letters are below:

| | | | • | 0 0010 | ne receib ar |
|----|--------------|----------|---------------|--------|----------------|
| ١ | Alif | ٻ | Baa' | ت | Taa' |
| ث | Thaa' | E | Jeem | 7 | <u>H</u> aa' |
| خ | Khaa | 7 | Daal | ذ | Dhaal |
| ر | Raa' | j | Zaa' | س | Seen |
| ش | Sheen | صر | Saad | ضر | <u>D</u> aad (|
| ط | <u>T</u> aa' | ظ | <u>Dh</u> aa' | ع | 'Ayn |
| غ | Ghayn | ف | Faa' | ق | Qaaf |
| أى | Kaaf | ل | Laam | م | Meem |
| ن | Noon | و | Waaw | ٥ | Наа' |
| ی | Yaa | ۶ | Hamzah | 7 | Laam-Alif |
| 5 | Marbootah | Taa' N | | | |

- (Alif). They are really (Hamzah) has the same sound as • two names for the same sound.
- (Alif) (Laam) and J (Laam-Alif) is a combination of Y joined together.
- (Taa') and is called Taa' 'in takes the sound of The letter, Marbootah ("Attached Taa'").





There are some Arabic letters that have dots attached to them, and some that do not. Sort them into groups and put them into the following categories: The letters with no dots, with one dot, with two dots and with three dots.

| No dots | One dot | Two dots | Three dots |
|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Exercise 2 Read the following. Identify each letter, and read it out aloud.

| ی |) | ç | ش | ض |
|----------|---|---|-----------|---|
| 7 | 3 | ظ | و | j |
| ن | 7 | م | <u>اک</u> | ط |
| ع | ٥ | خ | ذ | ت |
| <u> </u> | ق | غ | ث | ص |
| 5 | ل | س | 1 | ف |
| ای | ت | 7 | ض | Y |

Exercise 3 Write the A

Write the Arabic Alphabet in order from Alif to Hamza.

Note

You will occasionally find some letters written in slightly different ways. Study carefully the following:

Lesson 2. Short Vowels - Fathah -

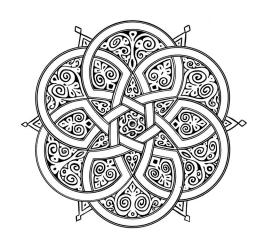
There are six short vowels in the Arabic language. Three are short and three are long. Vowels and other features are marked by symbols called I'raab which are found above or below the letters.

Table of I'raab for Easy Reference

| L' Alif Maddah | - | Fat <u>h</u> ah |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| ې Yaa' Maddah | - | Kasrah |
| العث Waaw Maddah | 9 | <u>D</u> ammah |
| Upright | • | Sukoon |
| | - | Fat <u>h</u> ah |
| Upright | | Shaddah |
| | - | Kasrah |
| Upright | - | Fat <u>h</u> atayn |
| | - | <u>D</u> ammah |
| Short Maddah | - | Kasratayn |
| Long Maddah | 28 | <u>D</u> ammatayn |

When a Fathah - is found above a letter, it produces the short vowel "a".

أَ بَ تَ ثُ جَ حَ غَ دَ ذَ رَ زَ سَ ثَنَ صَ ضَ طَ ظَ عَ غُ فَ قَ كَ لُ مَ غُ فَ قَ كَ لُ مَ



Read the following out aloud.

¥

ای

0

س

حَ

ع

ي

ز

ؿؘ

و

2

ت

ظ

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ط

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ن

مَ

ض

1

۶

خُ

2

J

ث

ل

غ

ص

فَ

ذ

حَ

ين

ق

Read the following combinations of three letters out aloud.

ثَ جَ حَ كَ ثَ بَ مَ كَ رَ قَ رَ اَ

لَ مَ سَ هَ دَ مَ ظُهَ رَ

اَبَتَ

ف ع ل

دَخَلَ خَتَمَ وَهَ بَ

حَسَدَ وَقَ بَ طُبَقَ

نَ طَقَ حَمَلَ عَظَمَ

ثَ بَ تَ جَ مَ عَ مَنَ عَ

Lesson 3. Short Vowels - Kasrah 🗦 =

When a Kasrah is found below a letter, it gives it the short vowel "i".

Read the following out aloud.

دِ طِ ةِ كِ زِ حِ ظِ مِ يِ خِ حِ ظِ مِ يِ ضِ قِ نِ وِ غِ مِ تِ لِ اِ ذِ

فِ لإ عِ ر شِ

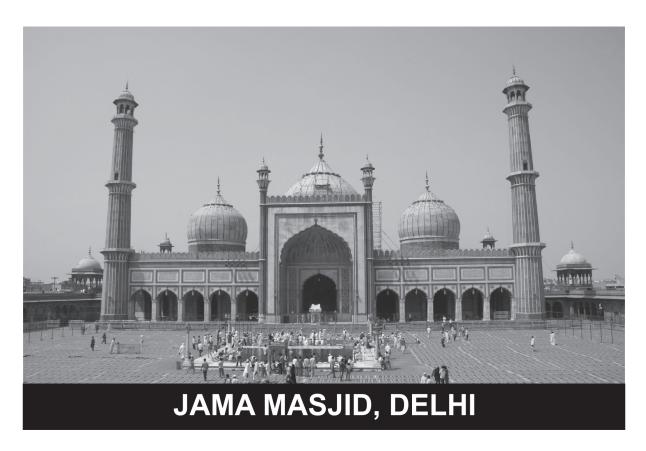
تِ صِ عِ بِ

من في ع

Read the following three-letter combinations aloud.

Select five combinations of three letters from each of the above three columns and write them below, with the Fathahs.

بسمالهالرحمزالرحيي



Lesson 4. Short Vowels - Dammah

When a \underline{D} ammah $\stackrel{?}{=}$ is found above a letter, it produces the short vowel " \mathbf{u} ".

Read the following out aloud to your partner.

| ن | ي الم | ڠ | ج |
|----------|-------|----------|---------------|
| ؿ | Ŝ | ثُ | صُ |
| ڨ | ائی | \$ \$ | ٿُ |
| 8 | څ | ٩ | ڞؙ |
| سن | ػ۫ | Ĵ | ۮؙ |
| ڠ | Ž | 3 | я Б |
| حُ | Ĵ | شُ | ۇ |
| | , 9 🛬 | į. | į. |

Read the following three-letter combinations out aloud to your partner.

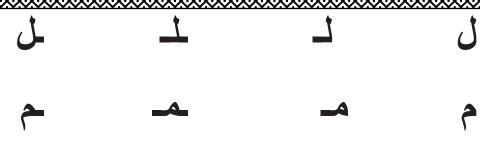
| فُ تِ حَ | چُ عِ لَ | ثَ قُ لَ |
|----------|----------|----------|
| سُ طِ حَ | نُ صِ بَ | خُ لِ قَ |
| ژ بَ رَ | ڭ ٿ ب | ظُٰلِمَ |
| بَ عُ دَ | ڭ ت ب | بَ صَ رُ |
| سُ ءِ لَ | تَزِرُ | كُ فَ وَ |
| غُ لِ بَ | ذُ كِ رَ | شُ هَ دَ |
| بِ ڭ مُ | أمِرَ | ك بُ رَ |

Lesson 5. Joined Letters

Most of the Arabic letters will take slightly different forms depending on whether they are at the beginning, middle, or end of a word, as they join together.

| End L | Middle L | Beginning | Letter |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| <u> </u> | <u> </u> | - | Ļ |
| <u>ش</u> | | ï | ت |
| ئ | * | ت | ٿ |
| E | ÷ | ÷ | E |
| 5 | | _ | 7 |
| خ | خـ | خ | خ |
| 7 | <u> </u> | د | د |
| <u>``</u> | <u>3</u> | ذ | ذ |
| ب | > | J | J |
| ن | بز | j | j |

| End | Middle | Beginning | Letter |
|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| س | | | u |
| ش | ش | ش | ش |
| ے | عد. | <u>م</u> ـ | ص |
| ے | ض | ضـ | ض |
| ط | ط | ط | ط |
| ظ | ظ | ظ | ظ |
| ے | • | ع | 3 |
| خ | خـ | غ | غ |
| ف | <u>å</u> | <u>.</u> | ف |
| ـق | ä | <u>.</u> | ق |
| <u>ځ</u> | ک | ک | ئ ئ |



Taa' Marbootah is found only at the end of a word)

Examples:

Exercise 1
Read the foll

| | ır partner. | out aloud to you | e following |
|--------|-------------|------------------|--|
| آب | أح | اِدَ | ب |
| بَثُ | بِثَ | بُجَ | بخ |
| بِخَ | بَ | جَا | مِنْ عَلَىٰ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمِ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمِ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمِ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُع |
| خَذِ | ۮؙؠؘ | ۮؚۼ | رِبَ |
| رُدَ | بَرِ | حِنَ | زُر |
| سكال | سنبث | طُلَعَ | شطط |
| سَخِرَ | ضَرَبَ | طُلَبَ | ظُرَفَ |
| عِوَجَ | بُعِث | وَدَعَ | سنَبغَ |
| فَعَلَ | صَعِبَ | قَمَرُ | قَدَرَ |
| كَتَمَ | لَهُمُ | كَتِفْ | بَدَلَ |
| جَبَلُ | اِبِلِ | مَرَحَ | خَرِبَ |
| نَصَبُ | وَقَعَ | مينة | ستحرَة |

Lesson 6. Sukoon - (Join)

When the Sukoon is found above a letter, then no vowel is added to that letter, but instead it is joined on to the previous letter. Examples:

Exercise 1

Read the following two-letter combinations out aloud.

| غِلْ | ضَوْ | مَنْ | طَنْ |
|---------------|-------|-------|------|
| مَاْ | åā | قُرْ | مَدْ |
| كَخْ | مَجْ | عَدْ | سئطْ |
| ظئ | خظ | جَعْ | مِمْ |
| جُب | کِڵ | غَثْن | شَخْ |
| شَدُ | ڡؚٞؽ۫ | عَنْ | لَمْ |
| <u>اَ</u> اثی | هی | لْهُا | ضِدْ |
| یَنْ | خُصْ | ظِلْ | هَوْ |
| ث | حِنْ | صَفْ | يَغْ |
| ۿۮ | رِفْ | دَقْ | بِعْ |

Read the following three- and four-letter combinations out aloud.

| وَحْئ | عَيْنِ | حَمْدُ |
|----------|----------|----------|
| يَلِدُ | اَمْرَ | صيف |
| نَفْسِ | هَضْمَ | ظُنْم |
| حِزْبَ | نَيْلِ | اَرْضُ |
| خُانُ | جنب | قَوْمُ |
| مَقْثُ | يَوْمَ | فَضْلِ |
| يَحْسَبُ | يَنْطِقُ | يَجْعَلْ |
| يَسْمَعُ | اَلَيْس | نِعْمَة |
| ٳۮڡؙٙڠ | عَلَيْكَ | تَحْزَنْ |
| كسنبث | بُنْدِثُ | قَبْلِكَ |

Lesson 7. Tanween

(a) Fathatayn (two Fathahs): When two Fathahs are found at the end of a word, they produce the sound "an". Generally, an Alif must also be added, *unless* the final letter is a Taa' Marbootah 5. This Alif is not pronounced.

Read the following out aloud to your partner.

| جَنَفًا | عَهْدًا | رَغَدًا | اَبَدًا |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------|
| قَصَصًا | عِنبًا | مَثَلاً | صُنْعًا |
| قَدَرًا | عَجَبًا | ثُمَنًا | هَضْمًا |
| كُفُوًا | شَطَطًا | رَدْمًا | لَبَنًا |
| رُسنُلاً | هُزُوًا | سنُرُرًا | غَصْبًا |
| ڗؙڂ۫ۯڡؘؙٵ | حُسِنَة | بَقَرَةً | عَقَادَ |

Note: (1) Remember that with will never have an Alif attached.

(2) Sometimes you will find a word ending in \mathcal{L} or \mathbf{P} with \mathbf{I} , without an Alif attached. Examples:

In these cases, the last syllable will still be pronounced "an", therefore we would pronounce the above words:

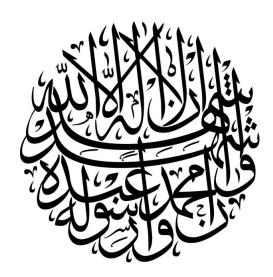
hudan, ghinan, mawlan, nisaa'an.

(b) Kasratayn (two Kasrahs): When two Kasrahs are found at the end of a word, they produce the sound **"in".**

| پ | | |
|----------|----------|----|
| ٢ | چ | ت |
| ن | | چٔ |
| سٍ | ١ | ١ |
| ضٍ | صٍ | شٍ |
| ع | ظ | لم |
| قٍ | ن | غ |
| ? | نٍ | اي |
| ٥ | وٍ | ثٍ |
| 5 | ۶ | ي |

Read the following out aloud to your partner.

| عَلَقٍ | عِنْم | طَبقٍ | عَمَدٍ |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| نَهَدٍ | ظُنْم | نَهُن | مَسكٍ |
| كَذِبٍ | فَضْلٍ | غَضَب | شَجَرٍ |
| حَرَجٍ | سبدر | خَبَرٍ | فْرُشِ |
| رَقْبَةٍ | بَلْدَةٍ | سَفَرَةٍ | ٱُكُلٍ |
| ڠؙڔؘؽۺٟ | لُمَزَةٍ | ۿؙڡؘۯٙڎ۪ | ثَمَرَةٍ |

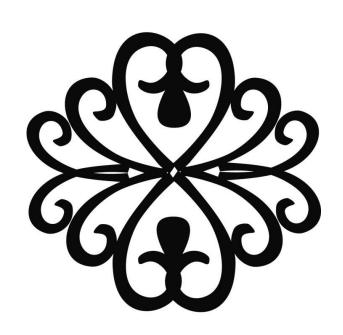


(c) <u>Dammatayn</u> (two <u>Dammahs</u>): When two <u>Dammahs</u> are found at the end of a word, they produce the sound "un".

| 28 | 28 | 18 |
|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| 28 29 | E | ڪُ |
| 28 | 28 | <u>چ</u> |
| سگ | 3 | 3 |
| ض | ک ظ | شُن |
| ع الم | | گے |
| ڠ | La Carta | عُ |
| 28 | 28 | اثی |
| 29 D | وٌ | ي المحمد |
| * 5 | 28 \$ | ػ |

Exercise 3
Read the following out aloud to your partner.

| بشر | قُستُمْ | كَكُلُ | 313 |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| ٱۮؘؠٛ | بِكْنْ | مَرَضْ | سنة |
| قَتَرَةٌ | عَبَرَةٌ | وَلَدُ | مَلِئِي |
| عَلَيْهُ الْمُ | وَيْلْ | بَقَرَةٌ | شَجَرَةٌ |
| قِسْمَةٌ | مَثُلُ | کنی ۹ | مُؤْمِنُ |
| رَعْدٌ | رَجِلْ | سِنْدُ | زَمَنْ |



Lesson 8. Long Vowels – Alif Maddah

When an Alif is preceded by a Fathah , it produces the long vowel sound "aa".

| ٢ | ب | ت | ث |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| جَا | لم | خًا | دَا |
| ذَا | رَا | زا | ستا |
| شا | صَا | ضًا | طًا |
| ظًا | عًا | غًا | فَا |
| قًا | کا | ¥ | مَا |
| ن | وَا | ها | یًا |

Read the following to your partner out aloud.

دَا

Read the following three- and four-letter combinations to your partner out aloud.

| هَادٍ | نَامَ | رَانَ | حَاقَ |
|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| وَاقٍ | بَاقٍ | دَاعٍ | رَاقٍ |
| بَدَا | حَامٍ | وَالٍ | شكاء |
| غَارِ | ثارُ | ناسِ | كَافِ |
| بَوَارِ | حَاسِدٍ | قرارُ | جَمَالٌ |
| ثَاثِيَ | غَالِبَ | جَاهَدَ | أطًاعَ |
| مَسنَاعً | يَابِسِ | هَاجَرَ | دَابِرًا |

یی Lesson 9. Long Vowels - Yaa' Maddah

When a Yaa' \mathcal{E} is preceded by a Kasrah, it produces the long vowel sound "ee".

| اِیْ | بِیْ | تِیْ | تِیْ |
|------|------|------|------|
| جِيْ | چئ | خی | ڋؽ |
| ۮؚؽ | رِیْ | زِیْ | سِی |
| شِئ | صِیْ | ضِئ | طِئ |
| ظِیْ | عِيْ | غِيْ | فِي |
| قِیْ | کئ | لِی | مِیْ |
| نِیْ | وِيْ | ھِی | بِیْ |
| ئِيْ | | | |

Read the following out aloud to your partner.

زِیْ رِیْ

وِی

Read the following three- and four-letter combinations to your partner.

| تِیْنِ | قَيْلَ | فَيْلِ | حِیْنَ |
|---|----------|--|----------|
| مُنْمُ | 200 | طِیْنٍ | عِيْنٍ |
| شِيْعَةٍ | زِیْنَةً | عَلِيْم | سَمِيْعْ |
| هَنِيئًا | سنبيل | وَبِيْلاً | نَعِيْم |
| عبد المعالمة | مَرِيْحٍ | اَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعِمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمِعِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعِمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينِ الْمُعْمِينِ الْم | حَمِيْدٍ |
| عَمِیْنَ | وَعِيْدِ | حَمِيم | مَصِیْنُ |
| قَدِيْرًا | عظيم | مُقْدِمُ | حَكِيْمُ |



Lesson 10. Long Vowels – Waaw Maddah

When a Waaw $\mathring{\mathbf{g}}$ is preceded by a <u>Dammah</u>, it produces the long vowel sound "oo".

| تُوْ | تُوْ | بُوْ | أق |
|------|------|------|------|
| ۮؙٯ۠ | خُوْ | حُق | جُق |
| سئق | زُوْ | رُوْ | ۮؙۏ |
| طُقْ | ضُوْ | صُوْ | شئق |
| فُوْ | غُوْ | عُوْ | ظُوْ |
| مُوْ | ئُقْ | كُوْ | قُقْ |
| يُوْ | ۿؙۅٛ | ۇۋ | ئُو |
| | | | ٷٛۏ |

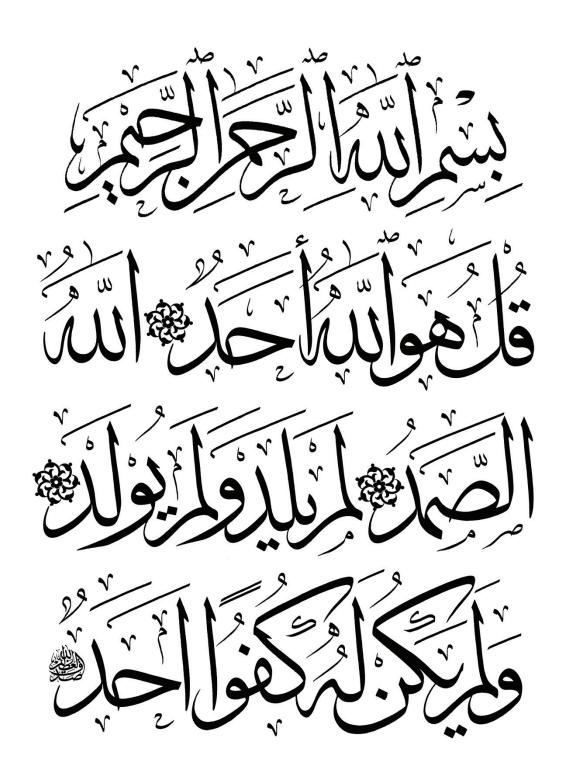
Read the following words to your partner out aloud.

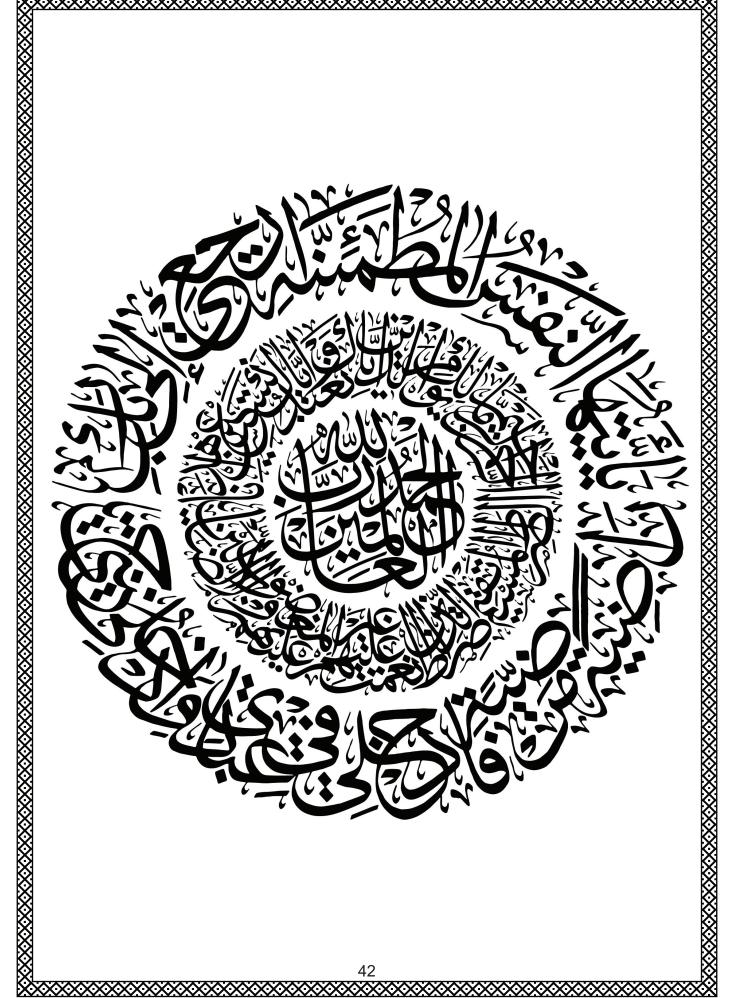
| ئۇ | ؠؙۅ۫ | اُق | طُقْ |
|-------|------|------|------|
| ئُقْ | تُوْ | ڪُق | زُوْ |
| عُوْ | جُوْ | مُوْ | قُوْ |
| ۇۋ | كُوْ | څُوْ | يُو |
| ظُوْ | شُوْ | ۮؙۅ۟ | رُوْ |
| صُوْ | سئق | غُوْ | ۮؙۅۛ |
| ٷٛٛۅ۫ | تُوْ | ضُوْ | غُوْ |
| | | | ° & |

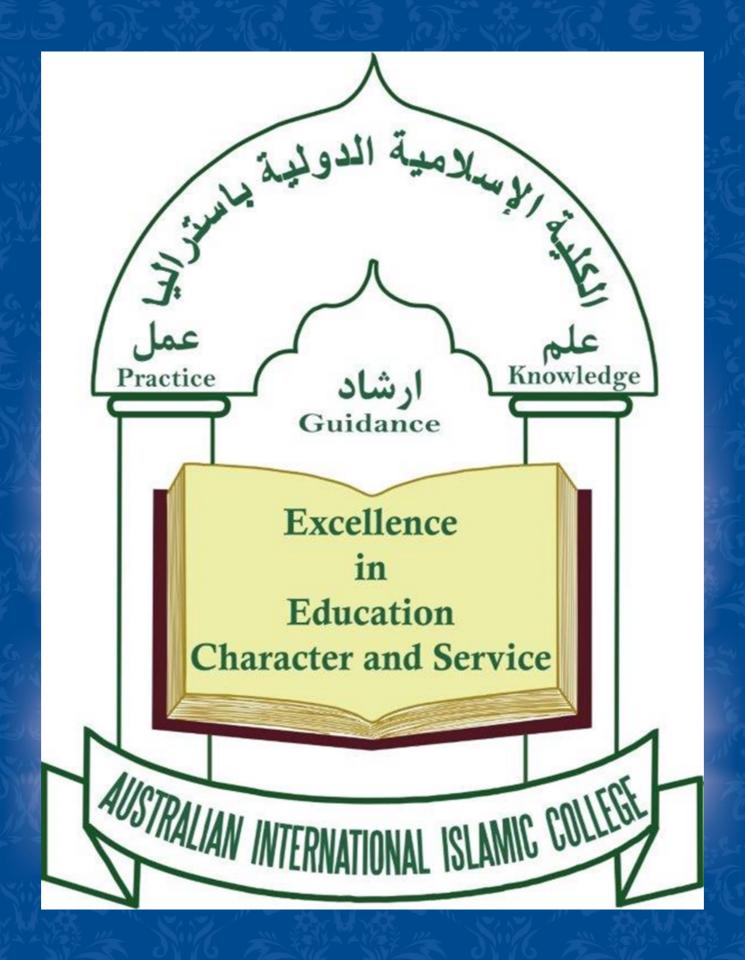
Read the following three- and four-letter combinations out aloud to your partner.

| ڗؙڡ۠ڔ | دُوْنَ | طُوْرِ | رُوْحٍ |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| ۿؙۅ۠ڽؚ | سىۋد | هُوْدًا | نُورُ |
| حُدُوْدَ | فُطُوْرٍ | بُيُوْتَ | خُلُودِ |
| ڠؘڡؙٛۅ۠ڒ | بُوْرِكَ | يَحُوْرَ | ؠؘڨؙۅ۠ڶ |
| ڤُعُوْدٌ | ۅؘڨؙۅ۫ۮؚ | يُوْلَدْ | هَلُوْعًا |
| قُرُوْءٍ | طُلُقع | نُفُوْسُ | شُهُوْدٌ |
| ٷڿ۠ۉ؋ | ڝؙۮؙۏ۫ڔؚ | قُنُوْتُ | رَسنُوْلُ |

रा अंतिर्वित्रं हिंभे रे







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